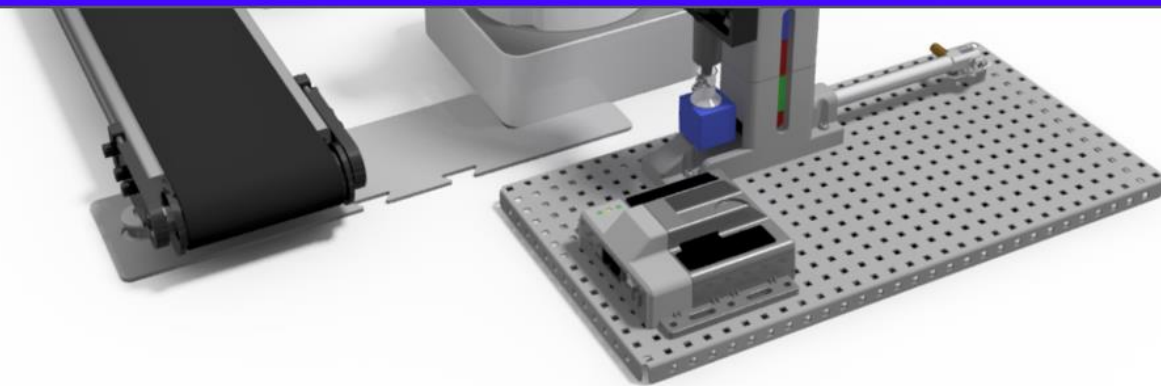


Blockly & Dobot

Programming Commands



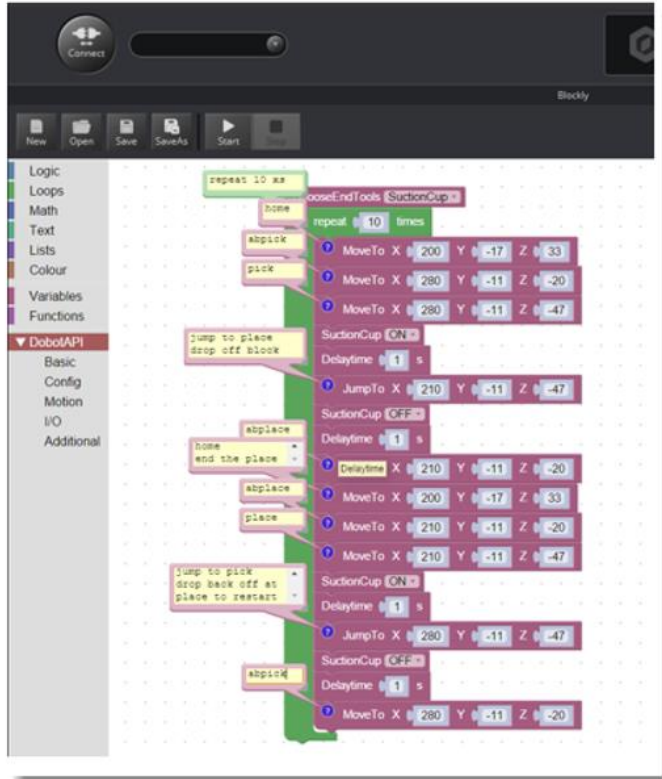
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Blockly Commands for the Dobot Magician

Blockly Definition:

A programming language used to program the Dobot Magician.

Lines of complex code are represented by simple “blocks” that fit together to form a program. **Blockly** is a graphical programming method rather than text based.



Blockly Commands for the Dobot Magician

Types of Commands in Blockly

In DobotStudio, Blockly commands are broken up into nine different categories with one category, **DobotAPI**, broken up into 5 subcategories.

Each of these have similar commands grouped together, and this presentation will describe and define some of the most common blocks that are used in programming the Dobot Magician.

Logic	*	*	*
Loops	*	*	*
Math	*	*	*
Text	*	*	*
Lists	*	*	*
Colour	*	*	*
Variables	*	*	*
Functions	*	*	*
▼ DobotAPI	*	*	*
Basic	*	*	*
Config	*	*	*
Motion	*	*	*
I/O	*	*	*
Additional	*	*	*



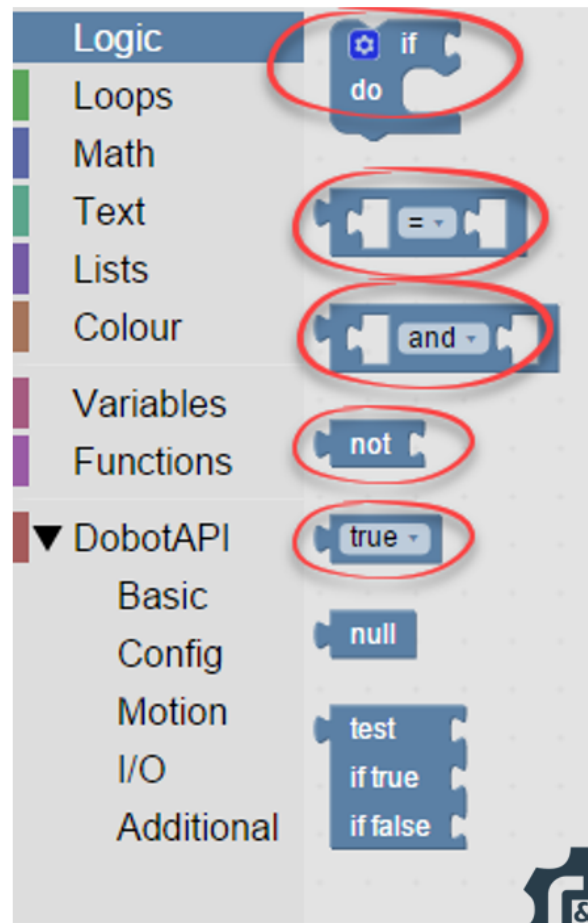
Blockly Commands: Logic

Logic

Logic commands allow you to use Boolean operands to make your robot complete complex operations.

Some of the important tasks that these blocks will allow you to do are:

- **If Else** statements
- Set two programming elements to $<, >, =$
- Use **AND**, **OR** and **NOT**
- Set something to **TRUE** or **FALSE**

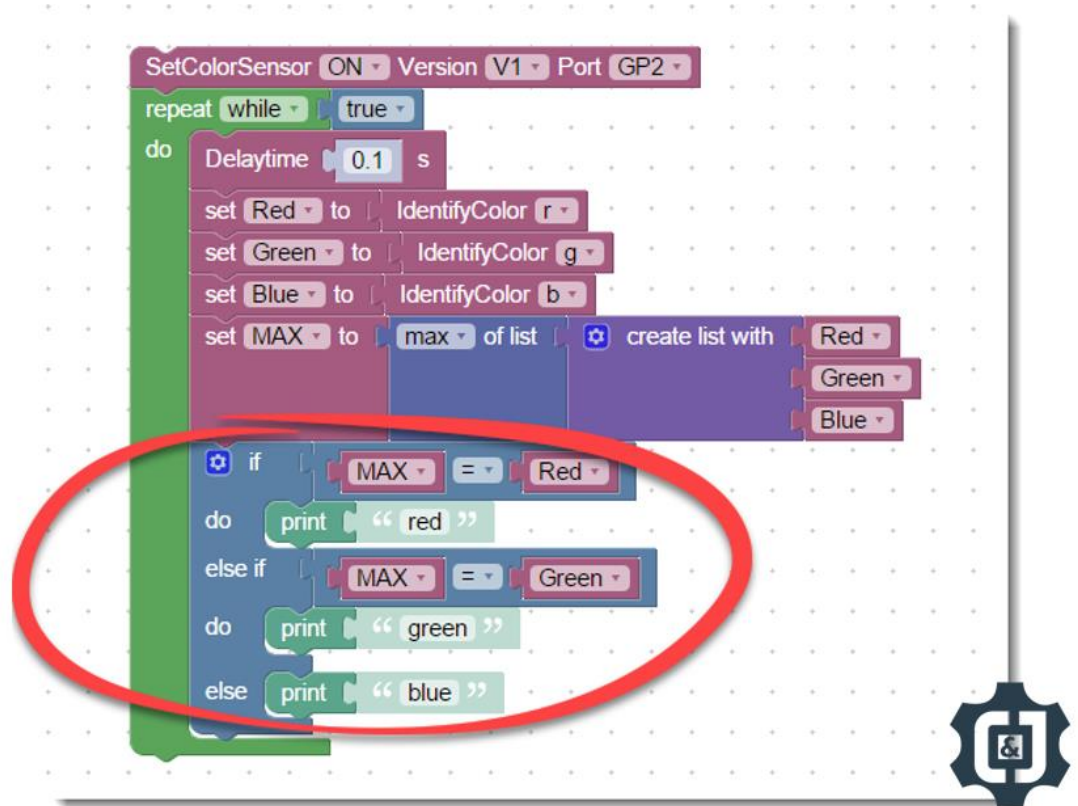


Blockly Commands: Logic

Logic

*In this example an **If Else** statement is used to make a color sensor print the color of the part being sensed.*

Notice that there are actually three different conditions.



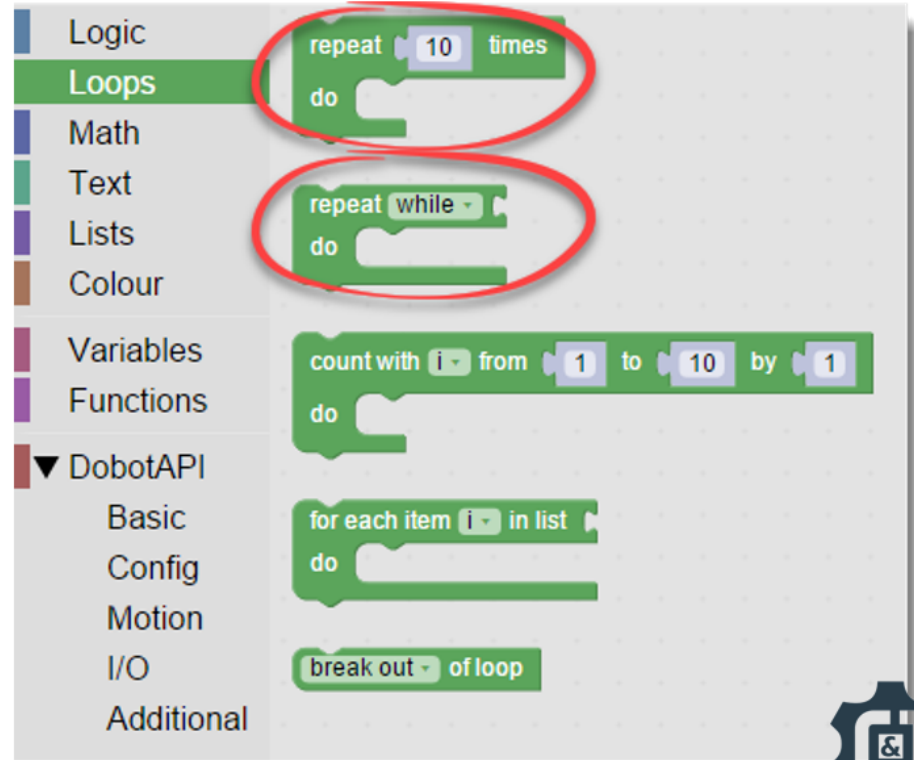
Blockly Commands: Loops

Loops

Logic commands that will allow you to repeat actions within a program.

Some of the important tasks that these blocks will allow you to do are:

- **Repeat** a number of times
- **Repeat while** something is happening
- **Repeat forever**

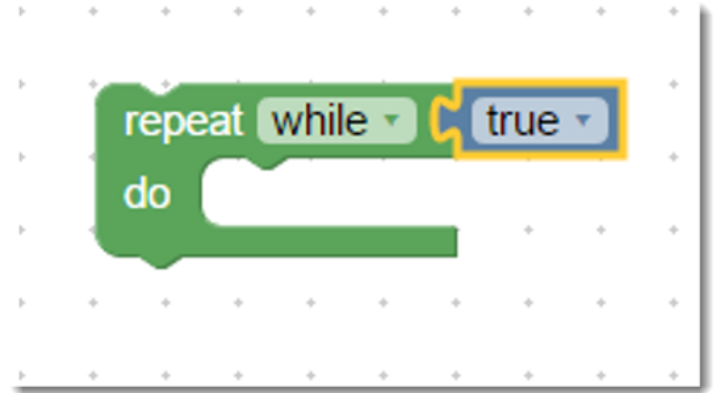


Blockly Commands: Loops

Repeat forever

*Blockly logic commands that allows you to use **TRUE** with the repeat command to continually complete an action or set of actions*

*In this example you can use this block with a **TRUE** block and make a block, or group of blocks run continuously. This could be used when you want to continuously look for an input.*



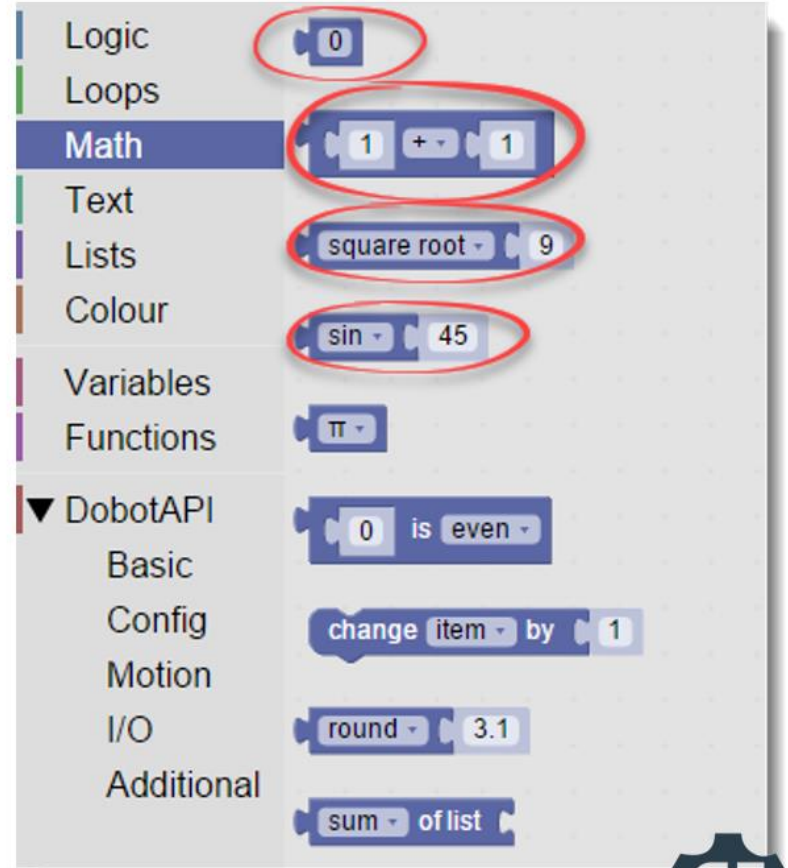
Blockly Commands: Math

Math

Logic commands that allow you to use mathematics on numbers in your program. These are all very self explanatory.

Some of the important tasks that these blocks will allow you to do are:

- *Return a number of your choice*
- *Return a SUM of two numbers*
- *Return the sine/cosine/tangent of a number*
- *Return the square root of a number*

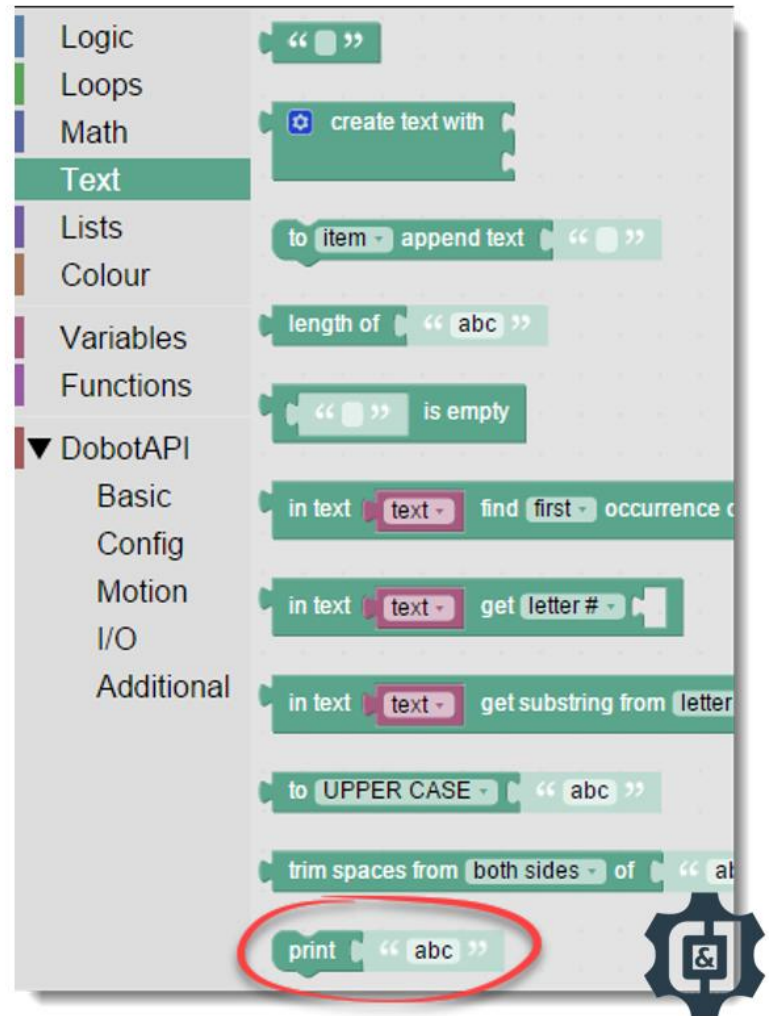


Blockly Commands: Text

Text

*Logic commands that will allow you to “Print” **text** and other programming elements to the running log so that you can see what is happening in your program in real time.*

This is a great way to troubleshoot a complex program.



The image shows a screenshot of the Blockly Text command palette. The left sidebar lists various categories: Logic, Loops, Math, Text (highlighted), Lists, Colour, Variables, Functions, and DobotAPI. The main area displays a list of text-related commands. The 'print' command, which takes a text input, is circled in red at the bottom of the list. Other visible commands include 'create text with', 'append text', 'length of', 'is empty', 'find first occurrence', 'get letter #', 'get substring from', 'to UPPER CASE', and 'trim spaces from both sides of'.

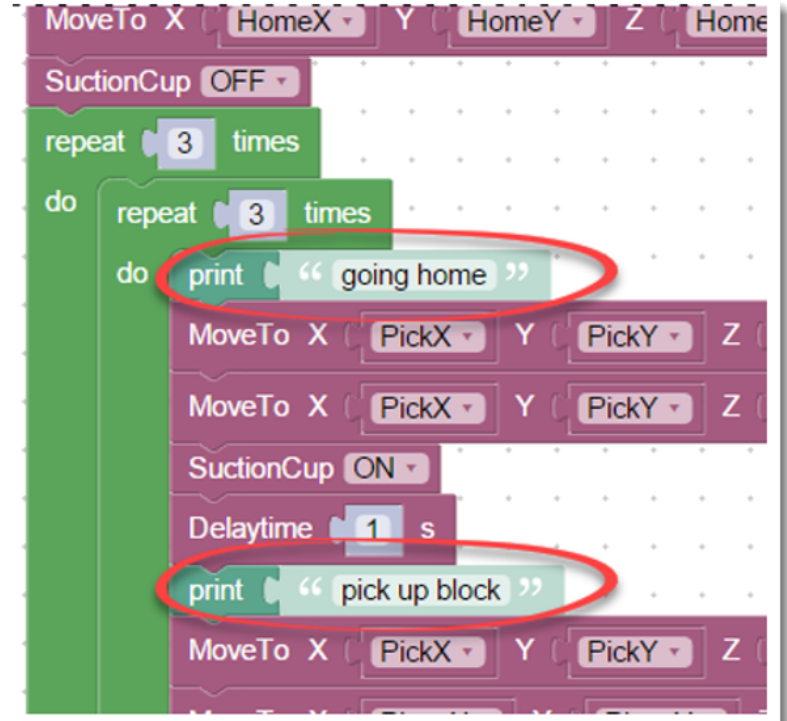
Category	Command
Logic	Logic
Loops	Loops
Math	Math
Text	create text with
Lists	Lists
Colour	Colour
Variables	Variables
Functions	Functions
▼ DobotAPI	▼ DobotAPI
Basic	Basic
Config	Config
Motion	Motion
I/O	I/O
Additional	Additional

- create text with
- to item append text
- length of
- is empty
- in text text find first occurrence
- in text text get letter #
- in text text get substring from letter
- to UPPER CASE
- trim spaces from both sides of
- print**

Blockly Commands: Text

Text

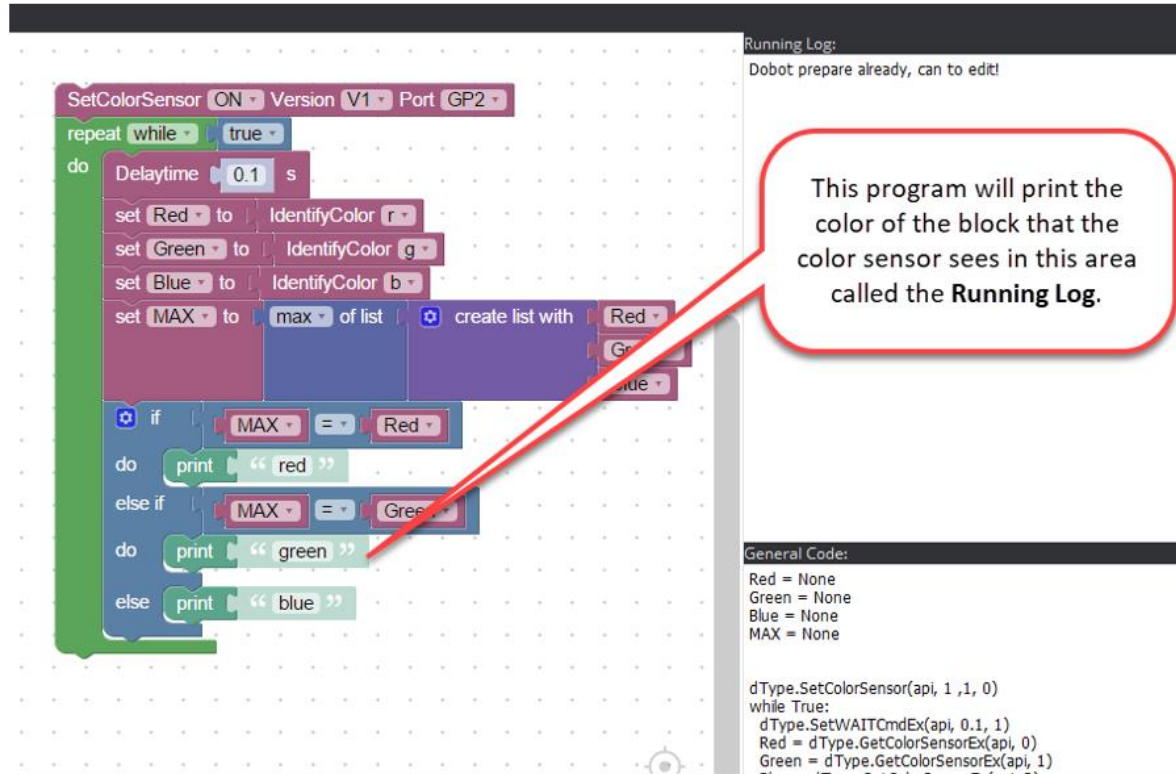
*In this example, it will print “**going home**” in the running log while the robot is moving to a home position and then “**pick up block**” when going to the pick position.*



Blockly Commands: Text

Text

*The **Running Log** appears to the right of the programming window in Dobot Studio and runs constantly.*



The screenshot displays the Dobot Studio interface. On the left, a Blockly script is visible, featuring a 'repeat while' loop that runs as long as 'true'. Inside the loop, there is a 'do' block containing a 'Delaytime' of 0.1 seconds, followed by 'set' blocks for 'Red', 'Green', and 'Blue' variables, each using the 'IdentifyColor' block with corresponding color codes (r, g, b). A 'set MAX to max of list' block follows, with a 'create list with' block containing 'Red', 'Green', and 'Blue'. An 'if' block then checks if 'MAX' is equal to 'Red'. If true, it prints 'red'. An 'else if' block checks if 'MAX' is equal to 'Green', and if true, it prints 'green'. An 'else' block prints 'blue'. A red arrow points from the 'print green' block to the 'Running Log' panel on the right.

Running Log:
Dobot prepare already, can to edit!

This program will print the color of the block that the color sensor sees in this area called the **Running Log**.

General Code:
Red = None
Green = None
Blue = None
MAX = None

```
dType.SetColorSensor(api, 1, 1, 0)
while True:
    dType.SetWAITCmdEx(api, 0.1, 1)
    Red = dType.GetColorSensorEx(api, 0)
    Green = dType.GetColorSensorEx(api, 1)
```

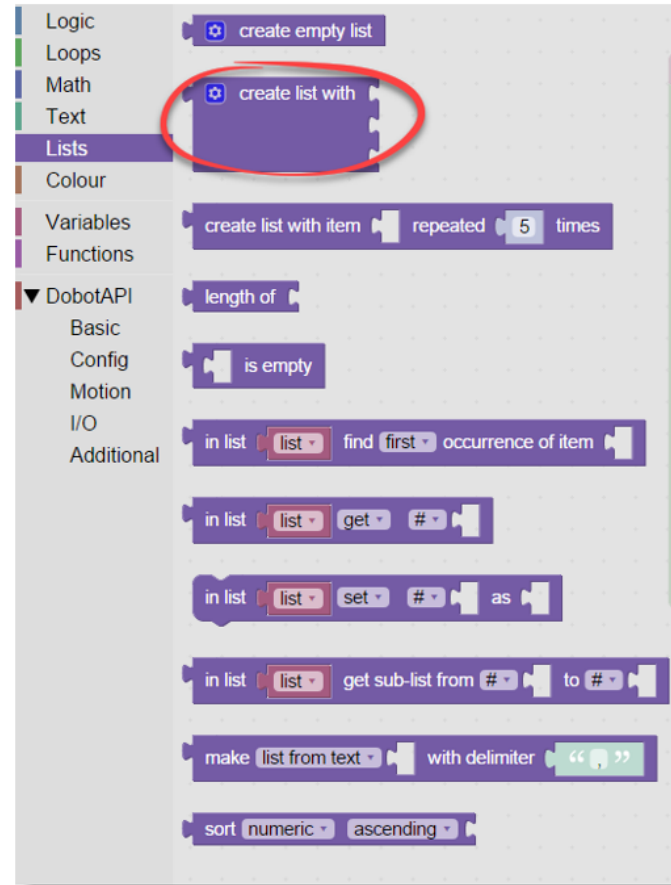


Blockly Commands: Lists

Lists

*Logic commands that will allow you to build and deal with lists. A **list** is an ordered set of items that can be used by the rest of your program.*

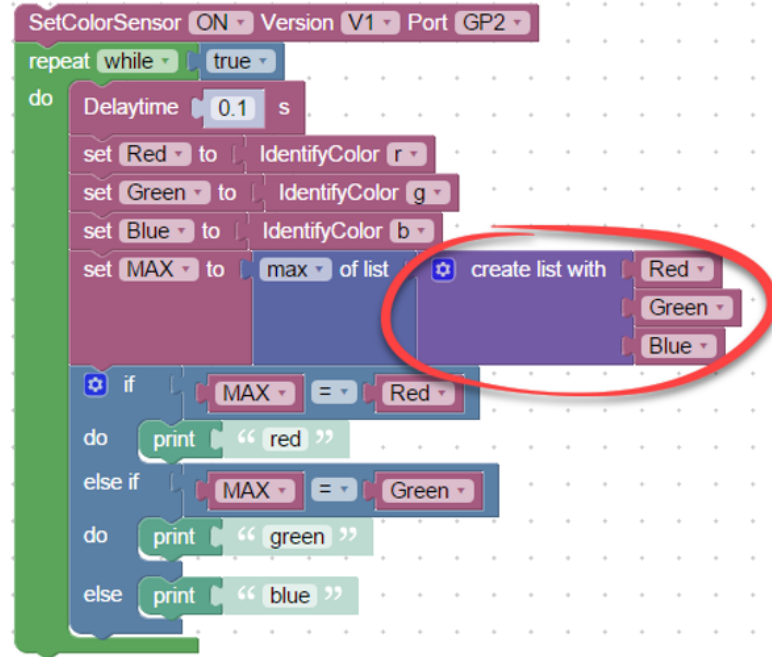
One of the important tasks that these blocks will allow you to do is to build a list when sorting colors with a color sensor.



Blockly Commands: Lists

Lists

*In this example program a **list** is used when a color sensor checks to see what color a block is. It then **prints** to the running log the value: Red, Green, or Blue.*

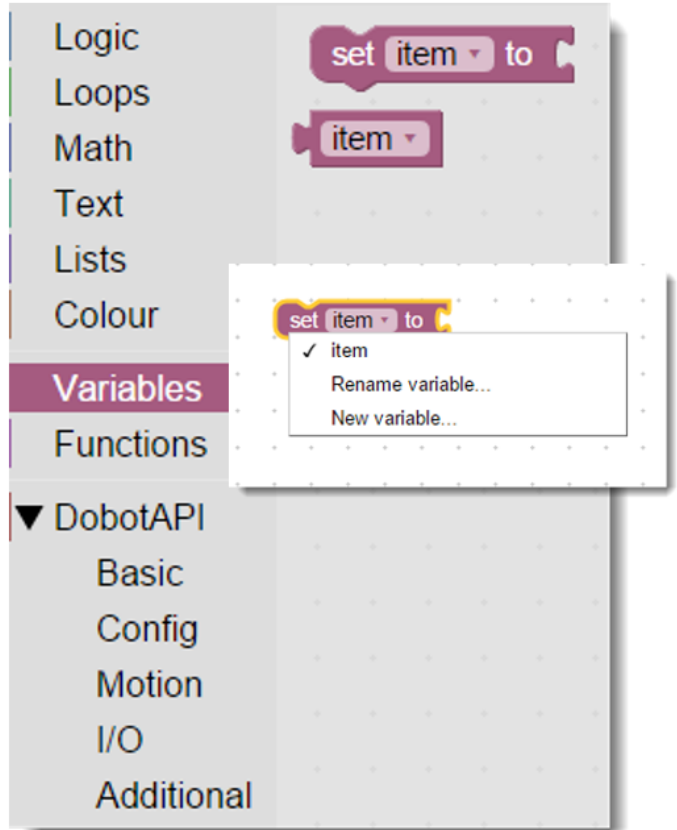


Blockly Commands: Variables

Variables

Logic commands that will allow you to set variables in a program and call them out for use when needed.

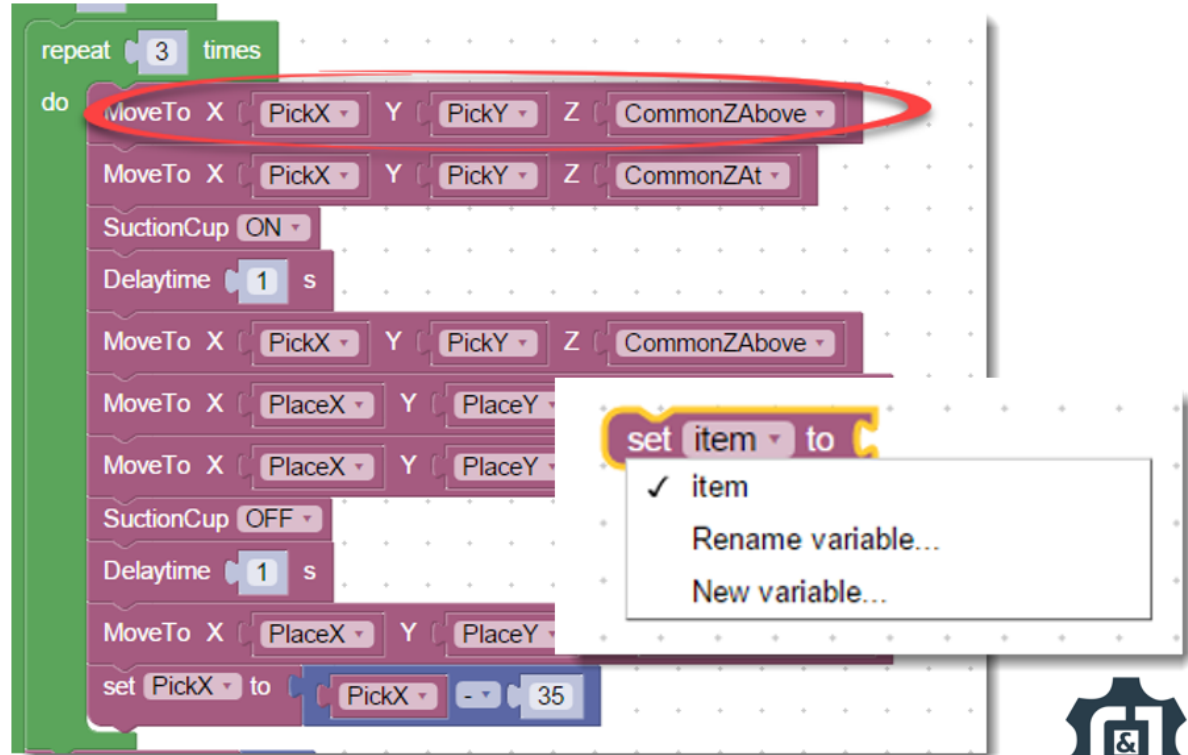
*In this example, you can click on “item”, make a new **variable**, then use that **variable** in multiple places in the program. This makes it easy to make a change in a program. Change the **variable** once, and it changes it everywhere.*



Blockly Commands: Variables

Variables

*In this example program you can see that **variables** were used to set the Pick X, Y, and Z values as well as the Place X, Y, and Z values.*

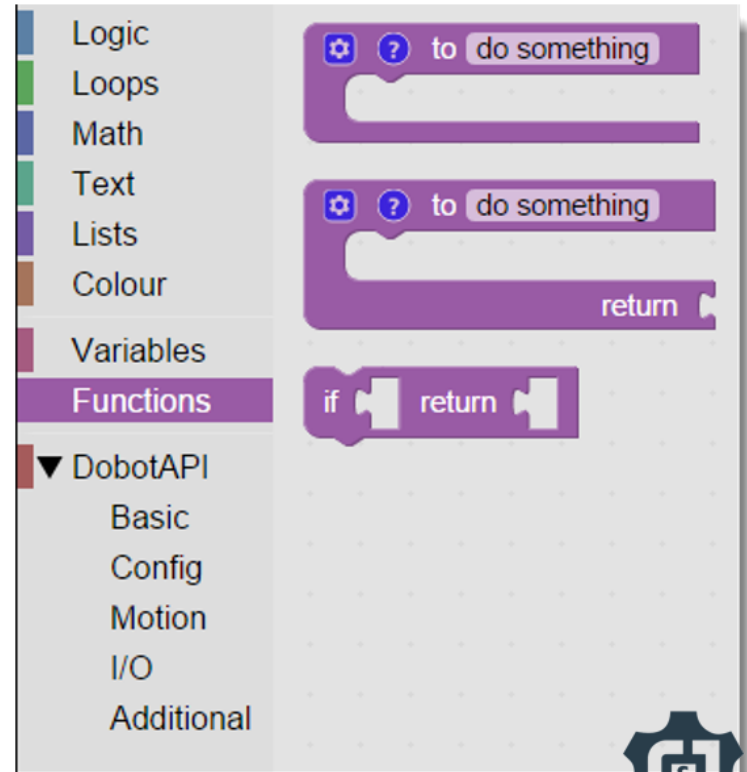


Blockly Commands: Functions

Functions

*Logic commands that allow you to name a section of a program and then use it repeatedly, simplifying it for the programmer and end user. **Functions** can also be called voids.*

Click on “do something”, name your function, then drag what you want it to do into the block.



Blockly Commands: Functions

Functions

*In this example program, the **Function** is on the left, and the program where it is called out is on the right.*

The image shows a Blockly workspace with two scripts. The left script is labeled 'Function' and the right script is labeled 'Program'.

Function Script:

- to matrix
- repeat 3 times
- do
- repeat 3 times
- do
- MoveTo X PickX Y PickY Z CommonZAbove
- MoveTo X PickX Y PickY Z CommonZAt
- SuctionCup ON
- Delaytime 1 s
- MoveTo X PickX Y PickY Z CommonZAbove
- MoveTo X PlaceX Y PlaceY Z CommonZAbove
- MoveTo X PlaceX Y PlaceY Z CommonZAt
- SuctionCup OFF
- Delaytime 1 s
- MoveTo X PlaceX Y PlaceY Z CommonZAbove
- set PickX to PickX 35
- set PickX to 277
- set PickY to PickY 35

Program Script:

- set HomeX to 200
- set HomeY to 0
- set HomeZ to 0
- set PickX to 277
- set PickY to 24
- set PlaceX to 256
- set PlaceY to 65
- set CommonZAt to -47
- set CommonZAbove to -10
- MoveTo X HomeX Y HomeY Z HomeZ
- SuctionCup OFF
- matrix
- MoveTo X HomeX Y HomeY Z HomeZ
- SuctionCup OFF

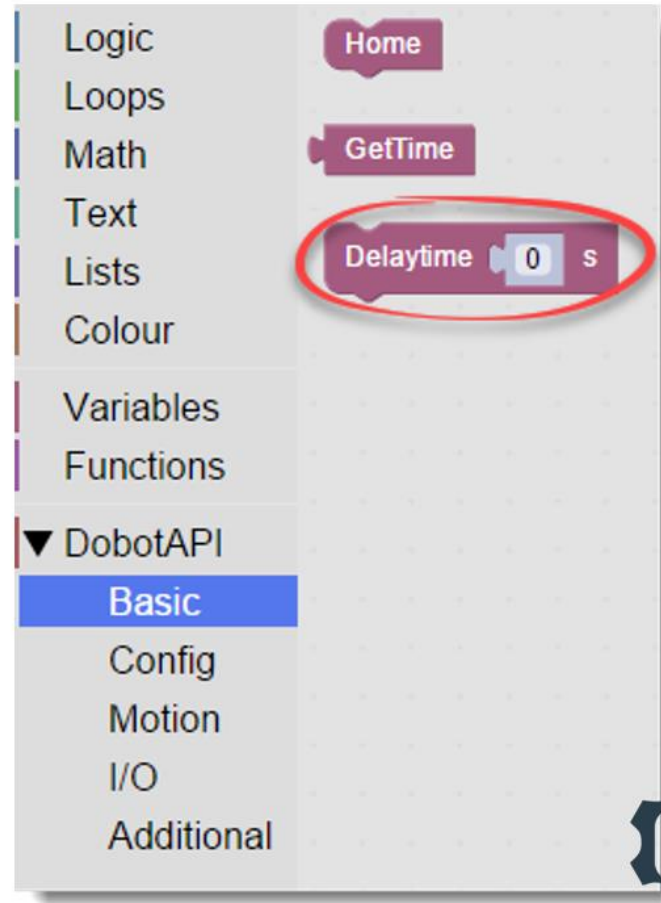
A red arrow points from the 'Function' script to the 'matrix' block in the 'Program' script.

Blockly Commands: Basic

Dobot API - Basic

*The most important command in this section is the **Delaytime** command.*

This allows you to set a delay time within a program between steps when timing is critical. It is measured in seconds and decimal seconds can be used.

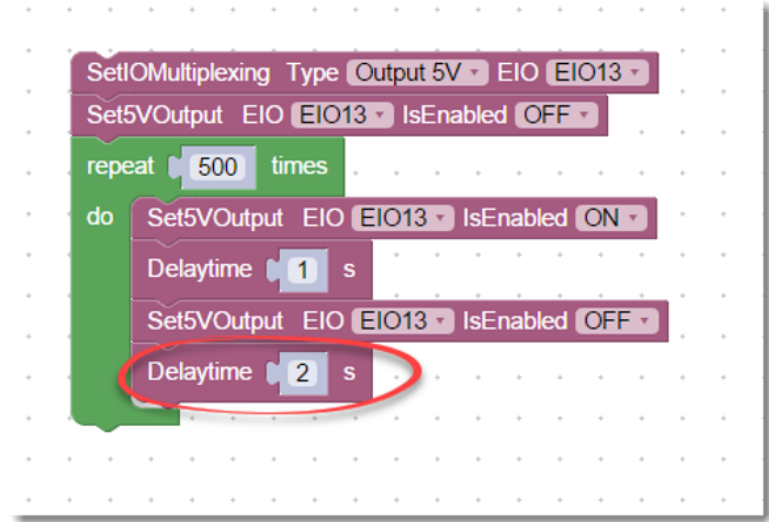


Blockly Commands: Basic

Dobot API - Basic

In this example program a robot is sending a signal to another device to test the connection. It is set to do this 500 times.

*The **Delaytime** after the output is turned off must be greater than 1 second otherwise the other machine does not have time to complete its process.*



Blockly Commands: Config

Dobot API - Config

Logic commands that allow to configure certain items in the program.

The two most important tasks are the

- ***ChooseEndTools*** – allows you to choose your end effector
- ***SetJumpHeight*** – allows you to choose the height of a jump move.

The screenshot displays the Blockly interface for the Dobot API Config category. The left sidebar lists various categories: Logic, Loops, Math, Text, Lists, Colour, Variables, Functions, and DobotAPI. Under DobotAPI, the 'Config' sub-category is selected. The main workspace shows several command blocks. Two blocks are highlighted with red circles: 'ChooseEndTools' with 'SuctionCup' selected, and 'SetJumpHeight' with 'Height' set to 20. Other visible blocks include 'Set End Effector Params' (XBias, YBias, ZBias all 0), 'SetMotionRatio' (VelocityRatio 20, AccelerationRatio 50), 'SetJointSpeed' (Velocity 20, Acceleration 50), 'SetCoordinateSpeed' (Velocity 20, Acceleration 50), 'SetLinearRailSpeed' (Velocity 20, Acceleration 50), and 'Set Lost Step Params' (0 Degree).



Blockly Commands: Motion

Dobot API - Motion

Logic commands that control the motion of the robot arm.

Some of the important tasks that these will allow you to do are:

- ***JumpTo*** a cartesian coordinate
- ***MoveTo*** a cartesian coordinate
- *Turn the Suction Cup on or off*
- *Open and close the gripper*

The screenshot displays the Blockly interface for the Dobot API. The sidebar on the left lists various categories: Logic, Loops, Math, Text, Lists, Colour, Variables, Functions, and DobotAPI. The DobotAPI category is expanded, showing sub-categories: Basic, Config, Motion (selected), I/O, and Additional. The main workspace contains several blocks from the Motion category, with four specific blocks highlighted by red ovals: 'JumpTo X 200 Y 0 Z 0', 'MoveTo X 200 Y 0 Z 0', 'SuctionCup ON', and 'Gripper Gripper'. Other visible blocks include 'MoveDistance ΔX 0 ΔY 0 ΔZ 0', 'SetR 0', 'Check Last Step', 'SetJointAngle Joint1 0 Joint2 45 Joint3 45', 'GetCurrentCoordinate x', and 'GetJointAngle Joint1'.

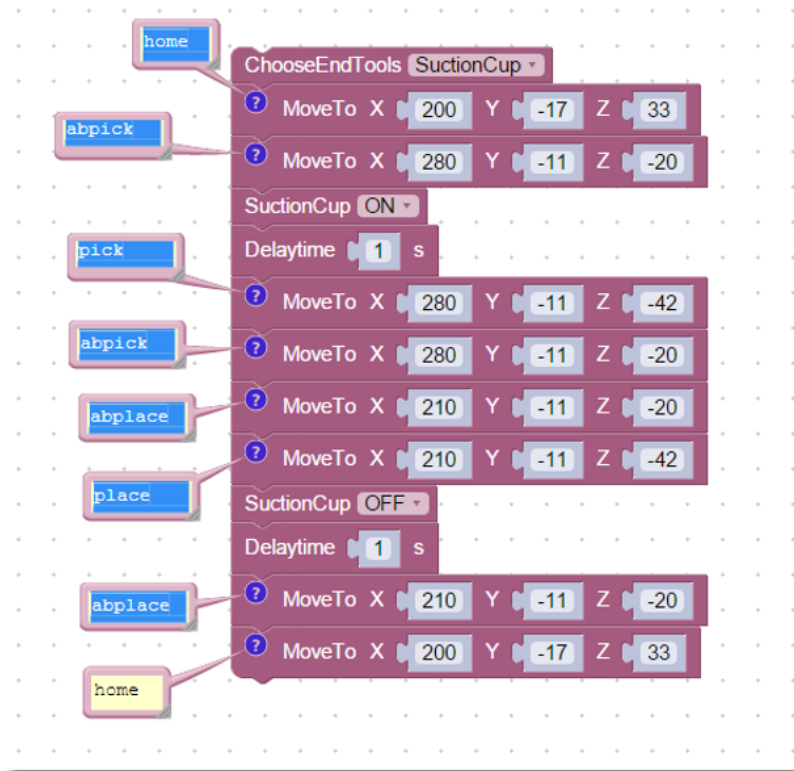


Blockly Commands: Motion

Dobot API - Motion

This example program completes a pick and place of an object in a workcell.

*Notice how **MoveTo** was used to move the robot between points.*



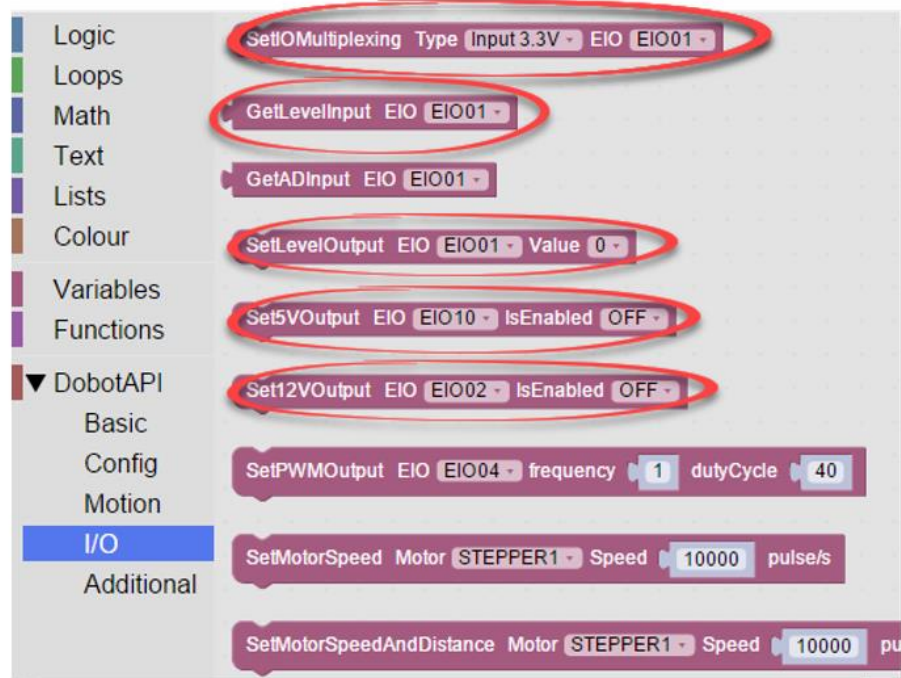
Blockly Commands: I/O

Dobot API – I/O

Logic commands that deal with Inputs and outputs

Some of the important ones are:

- *Set an input type and choose the port*
- *Check the level of an input*
- *Set a 3.3, 5, or 12v output*

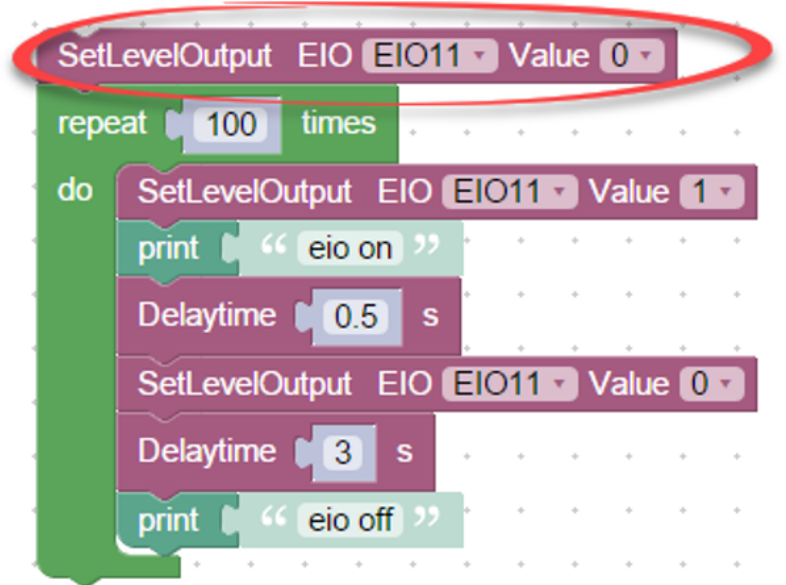


Blockly Commands: I/O

Dobot API – SetLevelOutput

This example program was written to test an output by turning it on and off 100 times

Notice how the value of the output was set at 0 to start, then in the loop it uses a “1” to turn it on and “0” to turn it off.



Blockly Commands: Additional

Dobot API – Additional

Logic commands that deal mainly with sensors and outputs built specifically for the Magician.

Some of the important ones are:

- ***SetPhotoSensor,***
GetPhotoSensor
- ***SetColorSensor***
- ***IdentifyColor***
- ***SetConveyor Motor port & Speed***

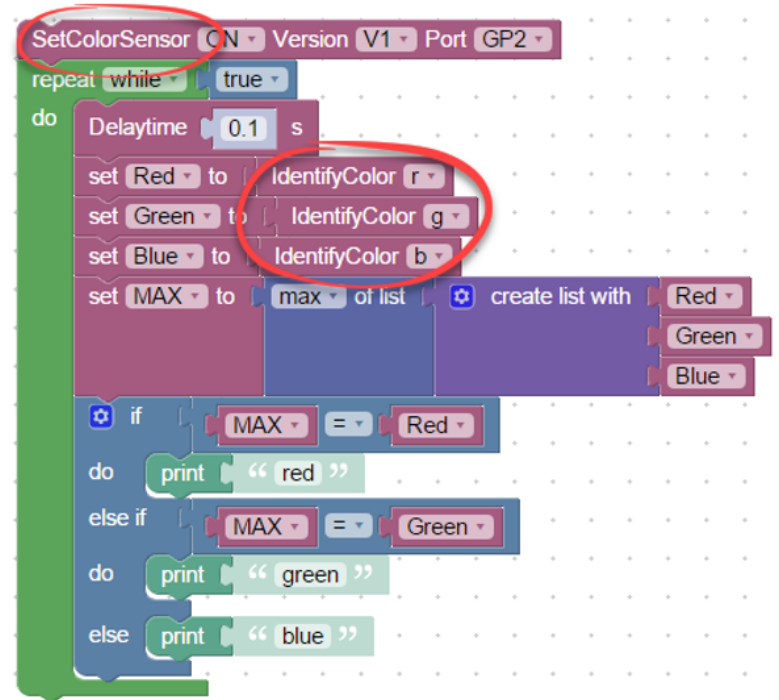


Blockly Commands: Additional

Dobot API – Additional

*In this example program **SetColorSensor** tells the program to turn it on and that you are using a V1 color sensor on port GP2.*

*The **IdentifyColor** block is then used to identify the color of an object in front of the sensor where variables are used to name the values “Red”, “Blue”, and “Green”, then the names are printed to the Running Log.*



Resources

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